Lubbock County Hospital District d/b/a UMC Health System A Component Unit of Lubbock County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report, Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information

December 31, 2024 and 2023

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Forvis Mazars, LLP
14221 Dallas Parkway, Suite 400
Dallas, TX 75254
P 972.702.8262 | F 972.702.0673
forvismazars.us



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Managers Lubbock County Hospital District d/b/a UMC Health System Lubbock. Texas

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lubbock County Hospital District d/b/a UMC Health System (District), a component unit of Lubbock County, Texas, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a

material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the pension information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information, in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Dallas, Texas August 5, 2025

| | 2024 | | | 2023 |
|--|------|-----------|----|-----------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current Assets | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 108,133 | \$ | 115,846 |
| Restricted cash | | 6,121 | | 7,838 |
| Investments | | 252,113 | | 268,527 |
| Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance; | | | | |
| 2024 - \$114,670, 2023 - \$113,247 | | 132,224 | | 106,539 |
| Property taxes receivable, net | | 21,059 | | 28,519 |
| Supplies | | 22,216 | | 22,013 |
| Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable | | 17,856 | | 18,740 |
| Estimated amounts due from third-party payors | | 5,422 | | 7,666 |
| Prepaid expenses and other | | 18,747 | | 28,143 |
| Total Current Assets | | 583,891 | | 603,831 |
| Noncurrent Cash and Investments | | | | |
| Investments | | 31,451 | | 44,616 |
| Restricted by donors | | 35,890 | | 29,364 |
| Internally designated for self-insurance and other | | 17,045 | • | 17,300 |
| Total Noncurrent Cash and Investments | | 84,386 | | 91,280 |
| Capital Assets, Net | | 534,672 | | 486,490 |
| Subscription Assets, Net | | 49,590 | | 56,498 |
| Other Assets | | 32,423 | | 27,611 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 1,284,962 | \$ | 1,265,710 |

(Continued)

| | 2024 | | 2023 |
|--|------|-----------|-----------------|
| LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 49,223 | \$ 64,096 |
| Accrued payroll | | 37,990 | 30,894 |
| Estimated self-insurance costs – current | | 3,934 | 3,961 |
| Estimated amounts due to third-party payors | | 1,487 | 7,342 |
| Other accrued liabilities | | 5,435 | 7,689 |
| Intergovernmental transfer obligation | | 6,121 | 7,838 |
| Provider Relief Fund revenue received in advance | | 1,983 | 3,253 |
| Current portion of subscription liabilities | | 14,525 | 10,385 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 120,698 | 135,458 |
| Estimated Self-insurance Costs, Noncurrent | | 910 | 1,029 |
| Other Postemployment Benefits | | 782 | 1,696 |
| Subscription Liabilities, Noncurrent | | 37,425 | 45,908 |
| Other Noncurrent Liabilities | | 3,216 | 3,655 |
| Total Liabilities | | 163,031 | 187,746 |
| Net Position | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 526,934 | 480,936 |
| Restricted – nonexpendable | | 14,901 | 12,137 |
| Restricted – expendable | | 31,138 | 30,959 |
| Unrestricted | | 548,958 | 553,932 |
| Total Net Position | | 1,121,931 | 1,077,964 |
| Total Liabilities and Net Position | \$ | 1,284,962 | \$ 1,265,710 |

Lubbock County Hospital District d/b/a UMC Health System A Component Unit of Lubbock County, Texas Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands)

| | 2024 | | 2023 | |
|---|------|-----------|------|-----------|
| Operating Revenues | | | | |
| Net patient service revenue, net of provision for uncollectible | | | | |
| accounts; 2024 - \$83,417, 2023 - \$79,677 | \$ | 796,852 | \$ | 736,447 |
| Supplemental Medicaid funding | | 119,947 | | 126,043 |
| Other revenue | | 29,219 | | 43,533 |
| Total Operating Revenues | | 946,018 | | 906,023 |
| Operating Expenses | | | | |
| Salaries, wages, and benefits | | 462,551 | | 424,449 |
| Purchased services and professional fees | | 245,798 | | 222,257 |
| Supplies and other | | 201,109 | | 185,847 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 64,591 | | 55,892 |
| Total Operating Expenses | | 974,049 | | 888,445 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | | (28,031) | | 17,578 |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | | | | |
| Property tax revenue | | 35,819 | | 32,880 |
| Investment return | | 26,252 | | 25,421 |
| Interest expense | | (2,841) | | (2,972) |
| Tobacco settlement and uncompensated trauma care | | 403 | | 542 |
| Gain on investment in equity investees | | 4,439 | | 4,271 |
| Noncapital grant revenue | | 5,289 | | 1,224 |
| Other nonoperating expense | | (58) | | (72) |
| Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | | 69,303 | | 61,294 |
| Income Before Capital Grants and Gifts | | 41,272 | | 78,872 |
| Capital Grants and Gifts | | 2,695 | | 4,583 |
| Increase in Net Position | | 43,967 | | 83,455 |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | | 1,077,964 | | 994,509 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ | 1,121,931 | \$ | 1,077,964 |

Lubbock County Hospital District d/b/a UMC Health System A Component Unit of Lubbock County, Texas Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands)

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities | Ф 700.040 | ф 740.000 |
| Receipts from and on behalf of patients Cash received from supplemental Medicaid funding programs | \$ 769,043 120,831 | \$ 742,833 125,052 |
| Net receipts (payments) from Local Provider Participation Fund | (1,717) | 6,175 |
| Payments to suppliers and contractors | (468,962) | (378,789) |
| Payments to or on behalf of employees | (456,515) | (422,497) |
| Other receipts | 37,105 | 38,947 |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | (215) | 111,721 |
| Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities | | |
| Receipt of property taxes supporting operations | 43,279 | 22,304 |
| Proceeds received from tobacco settlement and uncompensated | 405 | 400 |
| trauma care | 405 | 136 |
| Proceeds from contributions | 2,895 | 2,651 |
| Proceeds from grant funds | 4,019 | 1,176 |
| Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities | 50,598 | 26,267 |
| Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities | | |
| Capital grants and gifts | 6,895 | 5,815 |
| Purchase of capital assets | (100,873) | (143,853) |
| Principal payments on subscription liabilities | (11,715) | (9,955) |
| Interest paid on subscription liabilities | (2,841) | (2,972) |
| Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities | (108,534) | (150,965) |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities | | |
| Income on investments | 23,001 | 23,054 |
| Purchase of investments | (36,974) | (39,867) |
| Maturities and sales of investments | 68,999 | 82,270 |
| Distributions (contributions) from (to) equity investee | (850) | 2,012 |
| Other investing activities | 69_ | 311 |
| Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities | 54,245 | 67,780 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | (3,906) | 54,803 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year | 141,722 | 86,919 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year | \$ 137,816 | \$ 141,722 |

Lubbock County Hospital District d/b/a UMC Health System A Component Unit of Lubbock County, Texas Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands)

(Continued)

| | 2024 | | 2023 | | |
|---|------|-----------|------|----------|--|
| Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Balance Sheets | | | | | |
| Cash in current assets | \$ | 114,254 | \$ | 123,684 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents in noncurrent investments | | 1,563 | | 2,190 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents in assets restricted by donors | | 21,999 | - | 15,848 | |
| Total Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 137,816 | \$ | 141,722 | |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash | | | | | |
| Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (28,031) | \$ | 17,578 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 64,591 | | 55,892 | |
| Provision for uncollectible accounts | | 83,417 | | 79,677 | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | | | | | |
| Patient accounts receivable, net | | (109,102) | | (82,401) | |
| Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable | | 884 | | (991) | |
| Estimated amounts due from and to third-party payors | | (3,611) | | 9,110 | |
| Intergovernmental transfer obligation | | (1,717) | | 6,175 | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | (10,345) | | 38,746 | |
| Other assets and liabilities | | 3,699 | 1 | (12,065) | |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | \$ | (215) | \$ | 111,721 | |
| Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities | _ | | _ | | |
| Capital asset acquisitions included in accounts payable | \$ | 5,364 | \$ | 5,489 | |
| Subscription liabilities incurred for subscription assets | \$ | 7,372 | \$ | 1,748 | |

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Lubbock County Hospital District d/b/a UMC Health System (District) is a political subdivision of the state of Texas and operates University Medical Center (UMC) on the Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center (TTUHSC) campus in Lubbock, Texas. UMC is a teaching hospital for the Texas Tech University School of Medicine, is licensed for 495 beds, and primarily earns revenues by providing inpatient, outpatient, and emergency care services to patients in Lubbock County and surrounding areas. The District is governed by a Board of Managers (Board) appointed by the Commissioners Court of Lubbock County (County).

UMC Physicians (UMCP) is a taxable nonprofit corporation organized for the purpose of delivering physicianrelated primary healthcare to the residents of the District's primary service area. The District is the sole corporate member of UMCP and exercises significant control over and absorbs all losses from the financial operations of UMCP. As such, UMCP is presented as a blended component unit of the District. Separate financial statements of UMCP can be obtained by contacting the District's management.

UMC Foundation (Foundation) is a nonprofit corporation organized to support and benefit scientific, education, and charitable activities conducted by the District. The Foundation is a nonprofit organization whose purpose is to perform services on behalf of the District, including organizing fundraising activities. Because the Foundation operates primarily for the exclusive benefit of the District, it is presented as a blended component unit of the District. Separate financial statements of the Foundation can be obtained by contacting the District's management.

UMC Holding, Inc. (Holding) is a nonprofit corporation organized to hold title to property, collect revenues therefrom, pay expenses, and remit net profits to the District. The Board serves as Holding's board of directors and Holding is presented as a blended component unit of the District. Holding does not issue separate financial statements.

UMC Health Network, Inc. (Health Network) is a taxable nonprofit corporation organized for delivery of various modalities of healthcare. The District is the sole member of Health Network and the District appoints the board of directors of Health Network. Health Network is presented as a blended component unit of the District. Health Network does not issue separate financial statements.

The District holds a 50% interest in South Plains Rehabilitation Hospital (South Plains), which is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. South Plains was formed to provide inpatient rehabilitation services for stroke, brain injury, and other complex neurological and orthopedic conditions.

The District holds a 50% interest in UMC Home Health and Hospice (UMC Home Health), which is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. UMC Home Health was formed to provide adult and pediatric home health and hospice services in Lubbock, Texas.

The District's financial statements include the activities set forth above. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The financial statements of the District have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from nonexchange transactions are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating

revenues and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions. Government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions that are not program-specific, property taxes, investment income, and interest on capital assets-related debt are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District first applies restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The District considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts with brokers.

Property Taxes

The District received approximately 3.5% and 3.4% of its financial support from property taxes in December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The property tax revenue was used to support operations in both 2024 and 2023.

Property taxes are levied by the District on October 1 of each year based on the preceding January 1 assessed property values. To secure payment, an enforceable lien attaches to the property on January 1 when the value is assessed. Property taxes become due and payable when levied on October 1. This is the date on which enforceable legal claims arise and the District records a receivable for the property tax assessment less an allowance for uncollectible taxes. Property taxes are considered delinquent after January 31 of the following year. The District recorded an allowance for uncollectible property taxes of \$834 and \$1,377 at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; medical malpractice; and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than medical malpractice, employee health claims, and workers' compensation claims. UMCP purchases commercial insurance coverage for claims arising from such matters other than employee health claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The District is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from medical malpractice, employee health claims, and workers' compensation claims. UMCP is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from employee health claims. Annual estimated provisions are accrued for the self-insured portion of medical malpractice, employee health claims, and workers' compensation claims and include an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in U.S. Treasury, agency, and instrumentality obligations with a remaining maturity of one year or less at time of acquisition and in non-negotiable certificates of deposit are carried at amortized cost. Investments in equity investees are reported on the equity method of accounting. Investments in external investment pools qualifying for amortized cost under GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool

Participants, are carried at amortized cost per share. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices.

Investment income includes dividend and interest income, realized gains and losses on investments carried at other than fair value, and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

Patient Accounts Receivable

The District reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payors, patients, and others. The District provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information, and existing economic conditions.

Supplies

Supply inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Costs are determined using the first-in, first-out method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or acquisition value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the District:

| Land improvements | 10–20 years |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Buildings and leasehold improvements | 10–40 years |
| Equipment | 3–20 vears |

Subscription Assets

Subscription assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the subscription liability, plus subscription payments made at or before the commencement of the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, less any SBITA vendor incentives received from the SBITA vendor and certain payments made before the commencement of the SBITA term, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs. Subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the SBITA term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

Capital and Subscription Asset Impairment

The District evaluates capital and subscription assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital or subscription asset has occurred. If a capital or subscription asset is tested for impairment and the magnitude of the decline in service utility is significant and unexpected, accumulated depreciation is increased by the amount of the impairment loss.

No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Compensated Absences

The District's policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. A liability is accrued for compensated absences as the benefits are earned if the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or settled in cash.

Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

Net Position

Net position of the District is classified in four components on its balance sheets:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital and subscription assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase, use, or construction of those assets.
- Restricted expendable net position is made up of noncapital assets that must be used for a particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors, or donors external to the District.
- Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of noncapital assets that are required to be maintained in perpetuity as specified by parties external to the District, such as permanent endowments.
- Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments and a provision for uncollectible accounts. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods as adjustments become known.

Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District has a supplemental retirement plan (Plan). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Charity Care

The District provides care without charge or at amounts less than its established rates to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because the District does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, these amounts are not reported as net patient service revenue.

Income Taxes

As an essential government function of the County, the District is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and a similar provision of state law. The District and the Foundation also carry an exemption from income taxes under IRC Section 501(c)(3).

Holding is exempt from income taxes under IRC Section 501(c)(2). The District, the Foundation, and Holding are all subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

UMCP and Health Network are taxable for federal income tax purposes.

UMCP has net operating loss carryforwards. The net operating loss carryforwards arising from tax years prior to 2018 have started to expire, as they are not utilized. Net operating loss carryforwards arising from tax years beginning in 2018 and onward carry forward indefinitely for future utilization. Management has provided a valuation allowance for the entire balance of the deferred tax asset. The valuation allowance was established due to the uncertainties regarding the realization of the tax benefits in future years and because it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset may not be realized.

Note 2. Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates. These payment arrangements include:

Medicare – Inpatient acute care services and substantially all outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Certain inpatient nonacute services and defined medical education costs are paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology. The District is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor.

Medicaid – Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a prospective payment system. Inpatient reimbursement is inclusive of an add-on for trauma care that is based on the Medicaid Standard Dollar Amount. Outpatient and physician services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a mixture of fee schedules and cost reimbursement. The District is reimbursed for cost reimbursable services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicaid administrative contractor.

Approximately 48% and 49% of net patient service revenue is from participation in the Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation and change. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates will change materially in the near term. Settlements under reimbursement agreements with Medicare and Medicaid programs are estimated and recorded in the period the related services are rendered and are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as the service years are no longer subject to audit, review, or investigation.

The District has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the District under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined daily rates.

Note 3. Supplemental Medicaid Funding Revenue

In response to the growing number of uninsured patients and the rising cost of healthcare, the Texas Legislature established a Texas Medicaid Disproportionate Share Program (DSH Program) that was designed to assist those facilities serving the majority of indigent patients by providing funds supporting increased access to healthcare within the community. This program allows the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) to levy assessments from certain hospitals, use the assessed funds to obtain federal matching funds, and then

redistribute the total funds to those facilities serving a disproportionate share of indigent patients in the state of Texas.

On December 12, 2011, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) approved a Medicaid section 1115(a) demonstration entitled "Texas Health Transformation and Quality Improvement Program" (Waiver). The Waiver expanded existing Medicaid managed care programs and established two funding pools that assist providers with uncompensated care costs (UC Pool) and promote health system transformation (DSRIP Pool). The revenue from the two funding pools is recognized as earned throughout the related demonstration year.

The Waiver was originally effective from December 12, 2011 to September 30, 2016 and extended through December 2017 as the HHSC and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) negotiated a longer-term extension. On December 21, 2017, HHSC received an approved extension from CMS for the period of January 1, 2018 through September 30, 2022. Among other changes, the approved plan required a change in the methodology used to allocate UC funds and a phaseout of the DSRIP program over the five-year period. On April 22, 2022, CMS approved an extension of the Waiver through September 30, 2030. The DSRIP program ended on September 30, 2021 and was not extended under the Waiver extension.

CMS has also approved a number of directed payment programs. The directed payment programs the District participates in are discussed more fully below:

- Comprehensive Hospital Increased Reimbursement Program (CHIRP) CHIRP began on September 1, 2021 with a uniform percentage rate increase to all hospitals within a particular class of hospitals as well as a quality component, which participating hospitals may opt into. The state's share of CHIRP funding is funded through intergovernmental transfers from certain hospitals, including the District. CHIRP will require annual approval by CMS and has been approved through August 31, 2025. Revenue from CHIRP is part of the claims payment from the Medicaid managed care organizations and is recognized as a component of net patient service revenue in the accompanying statements of changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.
- Network Access Improvement Program (NAIP) NAIP aims to increase the availability and effectiveness of primary care for Medicaid by providing incentive payments to participating Health Related Institutions (HRIs). Participation is voluntary and requires HRIs to create a proposal in partnership with a managed care organization (MCO). When the proposal is approved by HHSC, the costs associated with the incentive payments are added to the monthly capitation rates paid to the MCO and the MCOs are responsible for making payments to the HRIs, such as the District. Under federal law, pass-through payments to hospitals, like NAIP, must be phased out by July 1, 2027.
- Medicaid Graduate Medical Education (GME) supplemental payment program The GME program
 provides reimbursement to support teaching hospitals that operate approved medical residency training
 programs in recognition of the higher costs incurred by teaching hospitals.
- Texas Incentives for Physicians and Professional Services Program (TIPPS) TIPPS is a directed
 payment program for certain physician practice groups providing healthcare services to children and
 adults enrolled in the STAR, STAR+PLUS and STAR Kids Medicaid managed care programs. Eligible
 physician practice groups include HRIs, indirect medical education physician practice groups affiliated
 with hospitals, and other physician practice groups.
- Public Hospital Augmented Reimbursement Program (HARP) HARP is a statewide supplemental
 program that provides Medicaid payments to certain hospitals for inpatient and outpatient services that
 serve Texas Medicaid fee-for-service patients. The program serves as a financial transition for providers
 historically participating in the DSRIP program and provides additional funding to participating hospitals to
 assist in offsetting the cost hospitals incur while providing Medicaid services.
- Beginning on September 1, 2024, HHSC provided for a third component of CHIRP, Alternative Participating Hospital Reimbursement for Improving Quality Award (APHRIQA) that provides an additional pay-for-performance component open to urban and children's hospitals for state fiscal year 2025.

Revenue from these programs is recognized throughout the program year as services are rendered and the revenue is earned. Revenue recognized from all programs that are not components of claims payments (CHIRP) is included as supplemental Medicaid funding within operating revenues in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| DSH Program | \$ 38,534 | \$ 28,789 |
| UC Pool | 37,020 | 51,442 |
| NAIP | 32,448 | 41,722 |
| GME | 5,336 | 3,965 |
| TIPPS | 2,265 | (2,345) |
| HARP | 3,634 | 2,470 |
| APHRIQA | 710 | - |
| | \$ 119,947 | \$ 126,043 |

Accounts receivable under the programs listed above were \$8,140 and \$12,430 at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are included as a component of the supplemental Medicaid funding receivable in the balance sheets. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the District recorded \$9,716 and \$6,310, respectively, of prepaid intergovernmental transfers, which the District is required to contribute as the state share of CHIRP funding, which is included as a component of the supplemental Medicaid funding receivable in the accompanying balance sheets.

The programs described above are subject to review and scrutiny by both the Texas Legislature and CMS, and the programs could be modified or terminated based on new legislation or regulation in future periods. The funding the District has historically received from these programs is not representative of funding to be received in future years.

Note 4. Local Provider Participation Fund

The District participates in a Local Provider Participation Fund (LPPF) in the County. The District acts as the administrator of the LPPF by assessment and collection of mandatory payments from hospitals in the County. These payments are to be used to fund intergovernmental transfers representing the state's share of supplemental Medicaid funding program. As the District acts a conduit for these funds, the receipts and intergovernmental transfers are not recognized as revenues and expenses in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the District held \$6,121 and \$7,838, respectively, in mandatory payments that will be transferred in the following year.

Note 5. Deposits, Investments, and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or other qualified investments.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the District's bank deposits were fully insured or collateralized. Health Network's cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by \$3,444 and \$3,272 at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Investments

The District may legally invest in direct obligations of and other obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and instrumentalities and in bank repurchase agreements. It may also invest to a limited extent in corporate bonds and equity securities.

The District had the following investments and maturities at December 31:

| | | | | Maturi | ties in Years | S | |
|--|-----------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|----|---------------------|
| Туре | | Fair Value | Less Than 1 | | 1-5 | | 6-10 |
| U.S. agencies obligations Municipal bonds Corporate bonds | \$ | 71,879 4,463 3,498 | \$ 19,199 1,732 891 | \$ | 46,686 2,731 1,432 | \$ | 5,994 - 1,175 |
| | | | \$ 21,822 | \$ | 50,849 | \$ | 7,169 |
| Money market mutual funds Investment pools Equity securities Mutual funds | | 1,563 186,351 9,271 1,161 | | | | | |
| | <u>\$</u> | 278,186 | | | | | |
| 2023U.S. agencies obligationsMunicipal bondsCorporate bonds | \$ | 68,600 7,196 2,976 | \$ 17,725 1,638 591 | \$ | 29,254 5,558 2,292 | \$ | 21,621 - 93 |
| | | | \$ 19,954 | \$ | 37,104 | \$ | 21,714 |
| Money market mutual funds Investment pools Equity securities Mutual funds | | 2,190 217,921 9,026 963 | | | | | |
| | \$ | 308,872 | | | | | |

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy prohibits individual investment maturities from exceeding 10 years and the weighted-average life cannot

exceed five years. The longer the maturity of a fixed rate bond or note, the greater the impact a change in interest rates will have on its fair value. As interest rates increase, the fair values of the notes and bonds decrease. Likewise, when interest rates decrease, the fair values of the notes and bonds increase. Certain investments are presented as investments with maturity of less than one year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District has developed an investment policy that addresses the limitation of credit risk or otherwise follows the restrictions of the *Texas Public Funds Investment Act*. UMC and UMCP are restricted to purchases of investments in mortgage-backed securities, other government agencies, government pooled funds, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and general obligation bonds of the state of Texas. The Foundation has invested in corporate bonds, mutual funds, and equity securities. The notes and bonds of the U.S. government-sponsored entities and municipal bonds include ratings that range from AA- to AAA by Standard & Poor's (S&P) rating agency. UMC's investment pools include local government investment pools that are AAAm rated by S&P. The Foundation's corporate bonds include ratings that range from BBB+ to AA+ by S&P. Other investments that include mortgage-backed securities, mutual funds, and equity securities are not rated.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the underlying securities for the District are held in safekeeping or trust accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy seeks to diversify the use of investment instruments, maturities, and individual financial institutions to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in overinvesting in specific instruments, maturities, or individual financial institutions.

Investment in State Investment Pools

The District invests in TexPool and TexSTAR. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company.

TexSTAR's governing body is a seven-member board of directors. Three directors are officers or employees of participants, one director is an officer or employee of Hilltop Securities, Inc., one director is an officer or employee of an affiliate of J.P. Morgan Asset Management, Inc., and the final two directors are qualified non-participants. TexSTAR's bylaws also require the board of directors to appoint an advisory board.

The advisory board currently consists of six members, each of whom is either (1) a representative of a participant or (2) a person who has no business relationship with the board of directors, but who is qualified to advise the board of directors. The advisory board shall at all times include at least one member of each such designation.

The following table reflects the District's investments in single issuers that represent more than 5% of total investments:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|
| Federal National Mortgage Association | 9.0% | 7.1% |
| Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. | 6.7% | 6.0% |

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown on the previous page are included in the accompanying balance sheets as follows:

| Comming value | 2024 | | |
|--|--------------------------|----|--------------------|
| Carrying value Deposits Investments | \$ 172,567 278,186 | \$ | 174,619 308,872 |
| | \$ 450,753 | \$ | 483,491 |
| Included in the following balance sheet captions | | | |
| Cash and restricted cash | \$ 114,254 | \$ | 123,684 |
| Short-term investments | 252,113 | | 268,527 |
| Noncurrent cash and investments | 84,386 | | 91,280 |
| | | | |
| | \$ 450,753 | \$ | 483,491 |

Investment Income

Investment income consisted of the following for the years ended December 31:

| | 2024 | | | 2023 | | |
|--|-----------|-----------------|----|-----------------|--|--|
| Interest income Net change in fair value of investments | \$ | 23,059 3,193 | \$ | 23,100 2,321 | | |
| Total investment income | <u>\$</u> | 26,252 | \$ | 25,421 | | |

Note 6. Patient Accounts Receivable

The District grants credit without collateral to its patients, many of whom are area residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. Patient accounts receivable consisted of the following at December 31:

| | | 2023 | | |
|--|----------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Medicare Medicaid Other third-party payors Patients | \$ | 40,084 10,020 126,647 70,143 | \$ 30,024 10,461 114,465 64,836 | |
| Less allowance for uncollectible accounts | <u> </u> | 246,894 114,670 132,224 | \$ 219,786 113,247 106,539 | |

Note 7. Capital and Subscription Assets

Capital assets activity was as follows for the years ended December 31:

| | В | ginning | ginning | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----|---------|---------|----------|-----|--------|-----|---------|----|-----------|
| | E | Balance | A | dditions | Dis | posals | Tra | nsfers | | Balance |
| 2024 | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 19,450 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 19,450 |
| Land improvements | | 13,033 | | - | | - | | - | | 13,033 |
| Buildings and improvements | | 497,092 | | _ | | - | | - | | 497,092 |
| Equipment | | 326,693 | | 36,953 | | (237) | | 4,036 | | 367,445 |
| Leasehold improvements | | 2,700 | | - | | - | | - | | 2,700 |
| Construction in progress | | 40,716 | | 63,795 | | - | | (4,036) | | 100,475 |
| | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | | 899,684 | | 100,748 | | (237) | | | | 1,000,195 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | | 12,052 | | 527 | | - | | - | | 12,579 |
| Buildings and improvements | | 179,890 | | 17,849 | | - | | - | | 197,739 |
| Equipment | | 219,266 | | 33,953 | | - | | - | | 253,219 |
| Leasehold improvements | | 1,986 | | - | | | | | | 1,986 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 413,194 | | 52,329 | | - | | - | | 465,523 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets, net | \$ | 486,490 | \$ | 48,419 | \$ | (237) | \$ | | \$ | 534,672 |

| | Beginning Balance | | Additions | | sposals | T | ransfers | Ending Balance |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----|-----------|----|----------|----|-----------|-------------------|
| 2023 | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 19,450 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 19,450 |
| Land improvements | 12,788 | | 360 | | (115) | | - | 13,033 |
| Buildings and improvements | 376,028 | | 362 | | (5,539) | | 126,241 | 497,092 |
| | 337,207 | | 56,001 | | (68,650) | | 2,135 | 326,693 |
| | 8,519 | | - | | (653) | | (5,166) | 2,700 |
| | 78,144 | | 85,782 | | | | (123,210) | 40,716 |
| | 832,136 | | 142,505 | | (74,957) | | <u>-</u> | 899,684 |
| | 11,773 | | 392 | | (113) | | | 12,052 |
| | 170,643 | | 14,559 | | (5,312) | | - | 179,890 |
| | 259,129 | | 28,793 | | (68,656) | | _ | 219,266 |
| | 2,406 | | 223 | | (643) | | | 1,986 |
| | 443,951 | | 43,967 | | (74,724) | | | 413,194 |
| Capital assets, net | \$ 388,185 | \$ | 98,538 | \$ | (233) | \$ | | \$ 486,490 |

The District has approved various capital improvement projects and the construction of a new cancer center that will be completed over the next two years that have a total estimated cost of completion of approximately \$130,000.

Subscription asset activity was as follows for the years ended December 31:

| | eginning Balance | A | dditions | Ret | irements | Ending Balance | | |
|--|---------------------|----|----------|-----|----------|-------------------|--------|--|
| 2024 | | | | | | | | |
| Subscription IT assets Less accumulated amortization | \$ 78,104 | \$ | 6,815 | \$ | (824) | \$ | 84,095 | |
| Subscription IT assets | 21,606 | | 13,723 | | (824) | | 34,505 | |
| Subscription IT assets, net | \$ 56,498 | \$ | (6,908) | \$ | | \$ | 49,590 | |
| 2023 | | | | | | | | |
| Subscription IT assets Less accumulated amortization | \$ 77,367 | \$ | 1,748 | \$ | (1,011) | \$ | 78,104 | |
| Subscription IT assets | 11,174 | | 11,443 | | (1,011) | | 21,606 | |
| Subscription IT assets, net | \$ 66,193 | \$ | (9,695) | \$ | | \$ | 56,498 | |

Note 8. Subscription Liabilities

The District has various SBITAs, the terms of which expire in various years through 2030. Variable payments based upon the use of the underlying asset are not included in the subscription liability because they are not fixed in substance.

The following is a summary of subscription liability transactions for the District for the years ended December 31:

| | ginning alance | Ad | ditions | Re | ductions | Ending Balance | Current Portion |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|----|---------|----|----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 2024 Subscription liabilities | \$ 56,293 | \$ | 7,372 | \$ | (11,715) | \$ 51,950 | \$ 14,525 |
| 2023 Subscription liabilities | \$ 64,500 | \$ | 1,748 | \$ | (9,955) | \$ 56,293 | \$ 10,385 |

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the SBITAs as of December 31, 2024:

| | Year Ending December 31, | <u>Total</u> | to Be Paid | P | rincipal | Interest | | |
|------|--------------------------|--------------|------------|----|----------|----------|-------|--|
| 2025 | | \$ | 16,731 | \$ | 14,525 | \$ | 2,206 | |
| 2026 | | | 9,279 | | 7,607 | | 1,672 | |
| 2027 | | | 9,111 | | 7,831 | | 1,280 | |
| 2028 | | | 7,880 | | 6,968 | | 912 | |
| 2029 | | | 7,501 | | 7,323 | | 178 | |
| 2030 | | | 8,250 | | 7,696 | | 554 | |
| | | \$ | 58,752 | \$ | 51,950 | \$ | 6,802 | |

Note 9. Risk Management

Professional and General Liability Risk

The District is self-insured for medical malpractice and general liability claims. The District's maximum liability for professional and general liability claims as a governmental unit under the *Tort Claims Act* is generally \$100 per individual and \$300 per occurrence.

Losses from asserted and unasserted claims identified under the District's incident reporting system are accrued based on estimates that incorporate the District's past experience, as well as other considerations, including the nature of each claim or incident and relevant trend factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate of losses will change by a material amount in the near term.

UMCP purchases medical malpractice insurance under a claims-made policy on a fixed premium basis and general liability insurance under an occurrence basis policy on a fixed premium basis. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require a healthcare provider to accrue the expense of its

share of malpractice claim costs, if any, for any reported and unreported incidents of potential improper professional service occurring during the year by estimating the probable ultimate costs of the incidents.

Based upon UMCP's claims experience, no such accrual has been made. It is reasonably possible that this estimate could change materially in the near term.

Employee Health Claims

Substantially all of the District's employees and their dependents are eligible to participate in the District's employee health insurance plan. Commercial stop-loss insurance coverage is purchased for claims in excess of \$500 for UMCP. A provision is accrued for self-insured employee health claims including both claims reported and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

Workers' Compensation Claims

The District is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. Commercial stop-loss insurance coverage is purchased for workers' compensation claims in excess of \$600. A provision is accrued for self-insured workers' compensation claims including both claims reported, and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

UMCP purchases workers' compensation insurance under a claims-made policy on a fixed premium basis. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require a healthcare provider to accrue the expense of its share of workers' compensation claim costs, if any, for any reported and unreported incidents occurring during the year by estimating the probable ultimate costs of the incidents. Based upon UMCP's claims experience, no such accrual has been made. It is reasonably possible that this estimate could change materially in the near term.

Activity in the District's self-insured claims liability accounts is summarized below during 2024, 2023, and 2022:

| | He | nployee althcare senefits | orkers' pensation | General and Professional Liability | | | |
|--|------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--|------|--|--|
| 2024 | ' <u>'</u> | _ | | | _ | | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 2,618 | \$ 1,453 | \$ | 919 | | |
| Current year claims incurred and changes in | | | | | | | |
| estimates for claims incurred in prior years | | 19,988 | 560 | | (15) | | |
| Claims and expenses paid, net | | (19,988) | (679) | | (12) | | |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 2,618 | \$ 1,334 | \$ | 892 | | |

| | Не | mployee ealthcare Benefits | | orkers' pensation | Prof | eral and essional ability |
|--|----|----------------------------------|----|----------------------|------|---------------------------------|
| 2023 | | | _ | | | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 2,390 | \$ | 1,526 | \$ | 746 |
| Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates for claims incurred in prior years Claims and expenses paid, net | | 24,352 (24,124) | | 1,059 (1,132) | | 315 (142) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 2,618 | \$ | 1,453 | \$ | 919 |
| 2022 | | | | | | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 1,434 | \$ | 1,826 | \$ | 817 |
| Current year claims incurred and changes in | • | , | | , | · | |
| estimates for claims incurred in prior years | | 22,793 | | 734 | | 114 |
| Claims and expenses paid, net | | (21,837) | | (1,034) | | (185) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 2,390 | \$ | 1,526 | \$ | 746 |

Note 10. Restricted and Designated Net Position

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, \$17,045 and \$17,300, respectively, of unrestricted net position has been designated by the Board for self-insurance liability coverage, pension obligations, and support of programs at TTUHSC. Designated net position remains under the control of the Board, which may at its discretion later use this net position for other purposes.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, \$14,901 and \$12,137, respectively, of net position is restricted under donor endowments whereby the Foundation is the beneficiary.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, \$31,138 and \$30,959, respectively, of net position was restricted by donors for capital and operating activities.

Note 11. Charity Care

In support of its mission, the District voluntarily provides free care to patients who lack financial resources and are deemed to be medically indigent. The costs of charity care provided under the District's charity care policy was \$98,608 and \$95,385 for 2024 and 2023, respectively. The cost of charity care is estimated by applying the ratio of cost to gross charges to the gross uncompensated charges.

Note 12. Benefit Plans

Defined Contribution Plan

Part-time and full-time employees of the District may elect to participate in a tax-sheltered annuity plan under Sections 403(b) and 457 of the IRC after completion of their first pay period. An employee may contribute

earnings up to the maximum amount allowable by law and direct contributions to the investment account selected by the employee. UMC matches employees' contributions up to 5% of the employees' annual salary during the first ten years of service, 6% for between 11 and 19 years of service, 7% for between 20 and 24 years of service, and 8% after 25 years of service. The annuity plan is administered by the District. The annuity plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by District administration. The employees are vested in 100% of the contributions to the plan at the time the contributions are made. Employees contributed \$13,768 and \$12,677 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The District contributed \$9,989 and \$9,734 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The District has established a supplemental retirement plan (Plan) for the benefit of three executives. Two of the executives are active employees and one is a retired employee currently receiving benefits. The District serves as the Plan's administrator and the Plan's assets are invested in trust funds with a bank serving as trustee. Amendments to the Plan are made only with the authority of the District's Board of Managers. The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports. However, an annual actuarial valuation report is available from the District. The Board has sole authority to establish or amend the obligations to contribute to the Plan by participants or the District.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for eligible employees are defined dollar amounts specified in the Plan's documents. Participants are eligible to retire at their normal retirement date unless an early retirement date is specified in the Plan's documents. Disability retirement benefits and death benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits.

Contributions

The District's contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the established amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability relates to the Plan and was measured as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of each date.

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2024 and 2023 – 3.25% Salary increases 2024 and 2023 – 3.25% Investment rate of return 2024 – 5% at net of investment expense, including inflation

2023 – 4% at net of investment expense, including inflation

All of the Plan's assets are invested in fixed income securities.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the Plan was 5% and 4% at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made in amounts consistent with the most recent five-year District contribution history. Based

on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the total pension liability, fiduciary net position, and net pension liability of the Plan were as follows for the years ended December 31:

| | | Pension bility (a) | | ciary Net sition (b) | | Pension ity (a) - (b) |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Balance, December 31, 2023 | \$ | 6,757 | \$ | 5,180 | \$ | 1,577 |
| Changes for the year | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 136 | | - | | 136 |
| Interest | | 270 | | - | | 270 |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | |
| experience | | (57) | | - | | (57) |
| Contributions – employer | | - | | 580 | | (580) |
| Net investment income | | - | | 281 | | (281) |
| Benefit payments | | (264) | | (264) | | - |
| Assumption changes | | (393) | | - | | (393) |
| Administrative expense | | <u>-</u> | | (13) | | 13 |
| Balance, December 31, 2024 | _\$ | 6,449 | \$ | 5,764 | \$ | 685 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Pension bility (a) | | ciary Net sition (b) | | Pension ity (a) - (b) |
| Balance, December 31, 2022 | | | | - | | |
| | Lia | bility (a) | Pos | sition (b) | <u>Liabil</u> | ity (a) - (b) |
| Balance, December 31, 2022 Changes for the year Service cost | Lia | bility (a) | Pos | sition (b) | <u>Liabil</u> | ity (a) - (b) |
| Changes for the year | Lia | 5,567 | Pos | sition (b) | <u>Liabil</u> | ity (a) - (b) 893 |
| Changes for the year Service cost | Lia | 5,567 398 | Pos | sition (b) | <u>Liabil</u> | 893 398 |
| Changes for the year Service cost Interest | Lia | 5,567 398 248 | Pos | sition (b) | <u>Liabil</u> | 893 398 248 |
| Changes for the year Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms | Lia | 5,567 398 248 868 | Pos | sition (b) | <u>Liabil</u> | 893 398 248 |
| Changes for the year Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual | Lia | 5,567 398 248 | Pos | sition (b) | <u>Liabil</u> | 893 398 248 868 |
| Changes for the year Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience | Lia | 5,567 398 248 868 | Pos | 4,674 - - - | <u>Liabil</u> | 893 398 248 868 (1) |
| Changes for the year Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions – employer | Lia | 5,567 398 248 868 | Pos | 4,674 - - - - 550 | <u>Liabil</u> | 398 248 868 (1) (550) |
| Changes for the year Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions – employer Net investment income | Lia | 5,567 398 248 868 (1) - | Pos | 4,674 550 233 (264) | <u>Liabil</u> | 398 248 868 (1) (550) |
| Changes for the year Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions – employer Net investment income Benefit payments | Lia | 5,567 398 248 868 (1) - (264) | Pos | 4,674 - - - 550 233 | <u>Liabil</u> | 398 248 868 (1) (550) (233) |

The net pension liability is reflected in the accompanying balance sheets as a component of other postemployment benefits.

Note 13. Master Coordinating Agreement

The District has a contractual agreement as outlined in the Master Coordinating Agreement and certain ancillary agreements (collectively, MCA) with TTUHSC for certain services provided and space owned by TTUHSC. The current MCA, which is effective for the period from July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024, renewing automatically annually for successive one-year terms, provides for payments to TTUHSC for resident services, medical director services, indigent and charity care services, hospital physician services, space rentals, and utilities. The total cost to the District for these services was \$93,529 and \$85,646 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 14. Related-Party Transactions

At the direction of the County, an exclusive banking relationship was established with City Bank, Lubbock, Texas (City Bank). UMCP also leases commercial office space from City Bank. An employee of City Bank is a member of the Board of Managers of the District. An employee of Prosperity Bank, which is an institution where UMC and the Foundation hold investments, is a member of the Board of Managers of the District.

Note 15. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- **Level 2** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and significant to the fair value of the assets

Recurring Measurements

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31:

| | | | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|-----|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Carrying Amount | | in Mar Ide A | ed Prices Active kets for entical ssets evel 1) | Ob: | nificant Other servable nputs .evel 2) | Unobs Inp | ficant ervable outs rel 3) | | |
| 2024 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investments by fair value level Money market mutual funds U.S. agencies obligations Corporate bonds Municipal bonds Equity securities Mutual funds | \$ | 1,563 71,879 3,498 4,463 9,271 1,161 | \$ | 1,563 - - - 9,271 1,161 | \$ | 71,879 3,498 4,463 | \$ | - - - - - | | |
| Total investments by fair value level | | 91,835 | \$ | 11,995 | \$ | 79,840 | \$ | | | |
| Investment pool carried at amortized cost | | 186,351 | | | | | | | | |
| Total investments | \$ | 278,186 | | | | | | | | |
| Investments by fair value level Money market mutual funds U.S. agencies obligations Corporate bonds Municipal bonds Equity securities Mutual funds | \$ | 2,190 68,600 2,976 7,196 9,026 963 | \$ | 2,190 - - - 9,026 963 | \$ | - 68,600 2,976 7,196 - - | \$ | - - - - - | | |
| Total investments by fair value level | | 90,951 | \$ | 12,179 | \$ | 78,772 | \$ | | | |
| | | 217,921 | | | | | | | | |
| Total investments | \$ | 308,872 | | | | | | | | |

Investments in external investment pools qualifying for amortized cost under GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, are carried at amortized cost per share; thus, they are excluded from fair value reporting above.

Investments

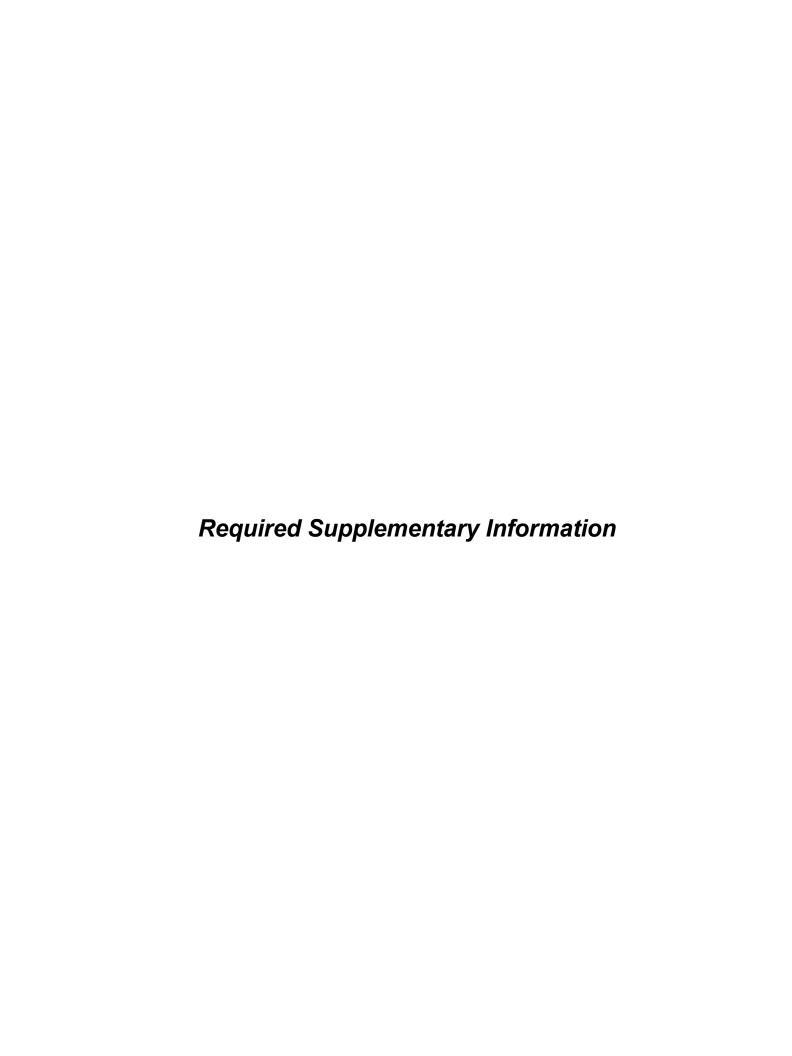
Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The District held no Level 3 investments as of December 31, 2024 or 2023.

Note 16. Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the District is, from time to time, subject to allegations that may or do result in litigation. Some of these allegations are in areas not covered by the District's self-insurance program (discussed elsewhere in these notes) or by commercial insurance, for example, allegations regarding employment practices or performance of contracts. The District evaluates such allegations by conducting investigations to determine the validity of each potential claim. Based upon the advice of legal counsel, management records an estimate of the amount of ultimate expected loss, if any, for each. Events could occur that would cause the estimate of ultimate loss to differ materially in the near term.

Note 17. Subsequent Event

On July 3, 2025, the U.S. Congress enacted the *One Big Beautiful Bill Act* (OBBBA), a comprehensive budget reconciliation law introducing significant changes to federal healthcare programs, tax policy, and energy-related incentives. The legislation includes substantial reductions in Medicaid funding, modifications to provider tax structures, and new eligibility and cost-sharing requirements for Medicaid beneficiaries. The OBBBA has no impact on the results of operations and financial condition as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024. The District is currently evaluating what impact the OBBBA will have on the financial results, cash flows, and financial position for future periods.



Lubbock County Hospital District d/b/a UMC Health System A Component Unit of Lubbock County, Texas Schedule of Changes in District's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios (In Thousands)

| | | 2024 | | 2023 | | 2022 | 2021 | | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 |
|--|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|------|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| Total Pension Liability | • | 400 | • | 200 | • | 054 | • | 0.40 | • | 200 | • | 240 | • | 044 | • | 040 | • | 040 | • | 400 |
| Service cost Interest | \$ | 136 270 | \$ | 398 248 | \$ | 351 219 | \$ | 340 210 | \$ | 329 205 | \$ | 319 199 | \$ | 241 181 | \$ | 249 178 | \$ | 249 167 | \$ | 406 158 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (56) | | (1) | | 219 | | 33 | | (1) | | (1) | | 101 | | (87) | | 12 | | 130 |
| Change in benefit terms | | (30) | | 868 | | | | - | | (1) | | (1) | | 356 | | (07) | | 12 | | |
| Changes of assumptions | | (393) | | (59) | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | | _ | | (58) |
| Benefit payments | | (264) | | (264) | | (298) | | (400) | | (400) | | (400) | | (400) | | (137) | | (137) | | (137) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | | (307) | | 1,190 | | 272 | | 183 | | 133 | | 117 | | 378 | | 203 | | 291 | | 369 |
| Total Pension Liability – Beginning | | 6,757 | | 5,567 | | 5,295 | | 5,112 | | 4,979 | | 4,862 | | 4,484 | | 4,281 | | 3,990 | | 3,621 |
| Total Pension Liability – Ending (a) | \$ | 6,450 | \$ | 6,757 | \$ | 5,567 | \$ 5 | 5,295 | \$ | 5,112 | \$ | 4,979 | \$ | 4,862 | \$ | 4,484 | \$ | 4,281 | \$ | 3,990 |
| Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions – employer | \$ | 580 | \$ | 550 | \$ | 450 | \$ | 400 | \$ | 400 | \$ | 400 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 395 |
| Net investment income | | 282 | | 233 | | (278) | | (52) | | 181 | | 229 | | 73 | | 92 | | - | | 89 |
| Benefit payments | | (264) | | (264) | | (298) | | (400) | | (400) | | (400) | | (400) | | (137) | | (137) | | (137) |
| Administrative expense | | (13) | | (13) | | (12) | | (12) | | (12) | | (12) | | (11) | | (12) | | (13) | | (12) |
| Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position | | 585 | | 506 | | (138) | | (64) | | 169 | | 217 | | (338) | | (57) | | (150) | | 335 |
| Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning | | 5,180 | | 4,674 | | 4,812 | | 1,876 | | 4,707 | | 4,490 | | 4,828 | | 4,885 | | 5,035 | | 4,700 |
| Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b) | \$ | 5,765 | \$ | 5,180 | \$ | 4,674 | \$ 4 | 1,812 | \$ | 4,876 | \$ | 4,707 | \$ | 4,490 | \$ | 4,828 | \$ | 4,885 | \$ | 5,035 |
| Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 685 | \$ | 1,577 | \$ | 893 | \$ | 483 | \$ | 236 | \$ | 272 | \$ | 372 | \$ | (344) | \$ | (604) | \$ | (1,045) |
| Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset) | | 89% | | 77% | | 84% | | 91% | | 95% | | 95% | | 92% | | 108% | | 114% | | 126% |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 1,759 | \$ | 1,586 | \$ | 1,418 | \$ | 1,184 | \$ | 1,149 | \$ | 1,125 | \$ | 1,194 | \$ | 1,533 | \$ | 1,564 | \$ | 1,459 |
| Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 39% | | 99% | | 63% | | 41% | | 21% | | 24% | | 31% | | -22% | | -39% | | -72% |

Notes to Schedule

This schedule is presented as of December 31, which is the measurement date.

Benefit changes in 2018 reflect an increased annual benefit amount for one participant. Benefit changes in 2024 reflect increased annual benefit amounts for two participants.

Changes of assumptions in 2015 reflect a change in the investment return assumption to 4.00% net of investment expenses. Changes of assumptions in 2024 reflect the addition of a mortality assumption.

Lubbock County Hospital District d/b/a UMC Health System A Component Unit of Lubbock County, Texas Schedule of District Pension Contributions (In Thousands)

| Year Ended December 31, | Dete | uarially rmined ribution | Relati Acti Dete | outions in on to the uarially ermined ribution | overed- ayroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Payroll |
|-------------------------|------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| 2024 | \$ | 580 | \$ | 580 | \$ 1,759 | 33% |
| 2023 | \$ | 550 | \$ | 550 | \$ 1,586 | 35% |
| 2022 | \$ | 448 | \$ | 450 | \$ 1,418 | 32% |
| 2021 | \$ | 395 | \$ | 400 | \$ 1,184 | 34% |
| 2020 | \$ | 394 | \$ | 400 | \$ 1,149 | 35% |
| 2019 | \$ | 400 | \$ | 400 | \$ 1,125 | 36% |
| 2018 | \$ | 339 | \$ | - | \$ 1,194 | 0% |
| 2017 | \$ | 190 | \$ | - | \$ 1,533 | 0% |
| 2016 | \$ | 147 | \$ | - | \$ 1,564 | 0% |
| 2015 | \$ | 315 | \$ | 395 | \$ 1,459 | 27% |

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: December 31, 2024

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, 2023, which is the most recent valuation date prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 4 years as of January 1, 2024

Asset valuation method Fair Value Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases Not applicable

Investment rate of return 4.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age 62 on average

Mortality None

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

All amounts are in thousands, unless otherwise indicated.